Econ 597D Sec 001 Computational Economics
Gallant
Homework 6
Fall 2015
Due Oct 6, 2015

Implement a class with the following declaration:

```
class polycoef {
private:
INTEGER deg; //degree of polynomial
    REAL* pc; //array of len=deg+1 containing coefficients
    INTEGER len; //indexing is pc[i], i=0,...,deg
public:
    polycoef(); //default constructor
    polycoef(INTEGER degree); //explicit constructor
    polycoef(const polycoef& a); //copy constructor
    ~polycoef(); //destructor
    polycoef& operator=(const polycoef& a); //assignment operator
    REAL& operator[](INTEGER i); //lvalue element access
    const REAL& operator[](INTEGER i) const; //rvalue element access
    INTEGER degree() const; //returns deg
    friend polycoef operator+(const polycoef& a, const polycoef& b); //summation
};
```

The purpose of the class is to represent a polynomial and implement addition of polynomials. Here is a main that uses every method in the class

```
int main()
{
    polycoef a(3);
    for (INTEGER i=0; i<=a.degree(); i++) a[i] = REAL(i);
```

```
    polycoef b(5);
    for (INTEGER i=0; i<=b.degree(); i++) b[i] = REAL(i);
    polycoef c;
    c = a + b;
    polycoef d = c;
    for (INTEGER i=0; i<=c.degree(); i++) cout << c[i] <<" "<< d[i] << '\n';
    return 0;
}
```

This is a container class similar to class intvec. You can look at that code for hints on how to implement class polycoef. Notice that, unlike class intvec, the arguments of operator+ need not have the same length; the polycoef that is returned will have length the larger of the two arguments.

If you are ambitious implement operator* for extra credit.
Turn in your code, a sample main that executes it, and the output.

